Twitter Thread by P. D. Mangan Health & Fitness Maximalist



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Serum albumin, a protein measured by a common lab test, has a large inverse relation with mortality.

Why?

Thread∎

In very old people, albumin was a more important risk marker than traditional risk factors such as HDL, LDL, and HbA1c. <u>https://t.co/1wolLynI1O</u>

Fig. 5: Hazard ratios for death from any causes according to traditional cardiovascular risk factors and albumin.

| Biomarker | Crude | | | Adjusted | | | |
|----------------------|-------|---------------|---------|----------|-------------|---------|--|
| | HR | 95%CI | p | HR | 95%CI | р | |
| Entire cohort | | | | | | | |
| HDL-cholesterol | 0.66 | (0.61-0.71) | < 0.001 | 0.96 | (0.88-1.04) | 0.328 | |
| LDL-cholesterol | 0.71 | (0.67-0.76) | < 0.001 | 0.98 | (0.90-1.06) | 0.591 | |
| Hemoglobin A1c | 0.73 | (0.67-0.79) | < 0.001 | 0.98 | (0.90-1.08) | 0.739 | |
| Creatinine | 1.09 | (1.04-1.15) | < 0.001 | 1.14 | (1.05-1.24) | 0.002 | |
| eGFR-cr ^a | 0.88 | (0.81-0.95) | 0.001 | 1.02 | (0.94-1.11) | 0.661 | |
| CRP ^a | 1.55 | (1.45-1.65) | < 0.001 | 1.17 | (1.08-1.26) | < 0.001 | |
| Albumin ^a | 0.41 | (0.39 - 0.44) | < 0.001 | 0.65 | (0.58-0.73) | < 0.001 | |

"serum albumin concentration is inversely related to mortality risk in a graded manner over its entire range"

in both healthy people and those with acute or chronic illness. https://t.co/OMQHNwX8Pd

But, low albumin is NOT a consequence of normal aging.

https://t.co/p3RR7SyjUQ

While there are suggestions that low albumin is a sign of undetected illness...

albumin is also associated with loss of muscle mass.

https://t.co/1rW4BluMAs

"the increased risk of disability with low serum albumin concentrations observed in the elderly may actually reflect an association with sarcopenia."

Sarcopenia = pathological muscle loss https://t.co/FdNA1s4s8V

Old age is not a cause of low albumin, but is associated with muscle loss

and indicates malnutrition.

Serum albumin and health in older people: Review and meta analysis

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Highlights

- Old age is not a cause of hypoalbuminemia.
- There is evidence that hypoalbuminemia is associated to loss of muscle mass.
- Albuminemia is an indicator of nutritional state but it is very unspecific.
- Many factors influence haematic levels of albumin.
- Hypoalbuminemia is a negative prognostic factor of mortality.

Low dietary protein leads to lower albumin synthesis.

https://t.co/ZiljBA69us

Albumin Synthesis Is Diminished in Men Consuming a Predominantly Vegetarian Diet

Since albumin is itself a protein, this points to lower protein intake

https://t.co/qZ9xXIOwML

Conclusion: low albumin is a strong risk factor for mortality.

It's associated with low muscle mass and low protein intake.

Increased dietary protein and resistance training may be the best ways to counteract low albumin.