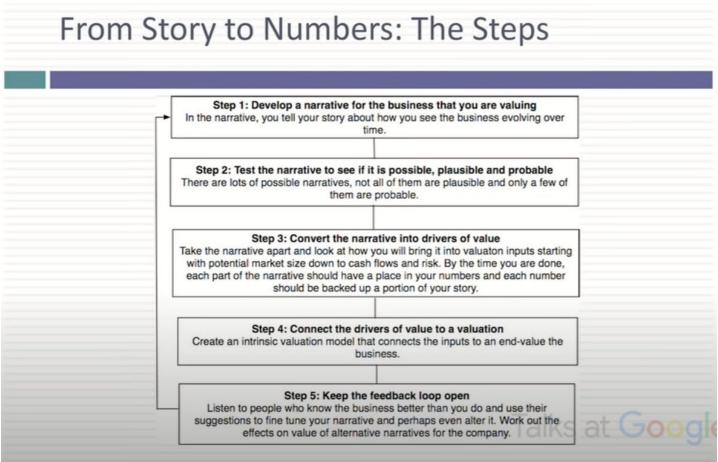
Twitter Thread by Bread Crumbs Research





Valuation



https://t.co/EwhQNOyQzY

Step 1: Survey the landscape

- Every valuation starts with a narrative, a story that you see unfolding for your company in the future.
- In developing this narrative, you will be making assessments of
 - Your company (its products, its management and its history.
 - The market or markets that you see it growing in.
 - The competition it faces and will face.
 - The macro environment in which it operates.

Talks at Googl

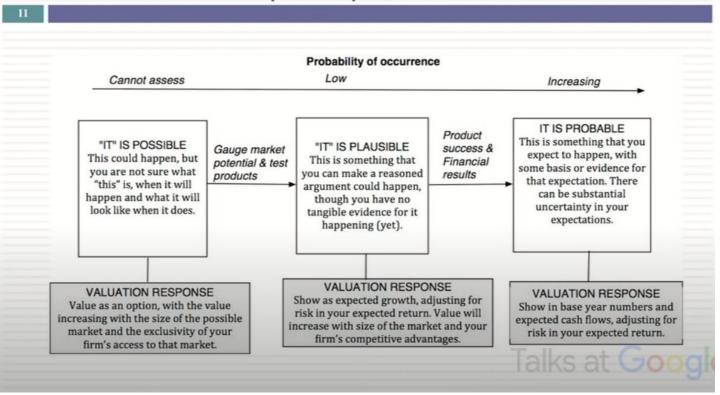
https://t.co/fLrW2cLAQC

Step 2: Create a narrative for the future

- Every valuation starts with a narrative, a story that you see unfolding for your company in the future.
- In developing this narrative, you will be making assessments of your company (its products, its management), the market or markets that you see it growing in, the competition it faces and will face and the macro environment in which it operates.
 - Rule 1: Keep it simple.
 - Rule 2: Keep it focused.

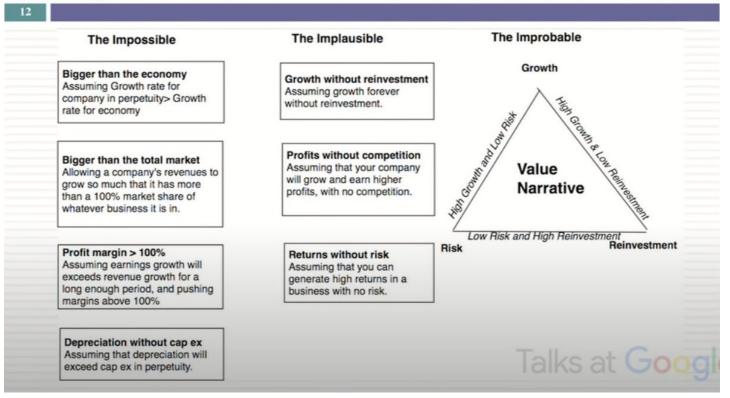
Talks at Google

Step 3: Check the narrative against history, economic first principles & common sense



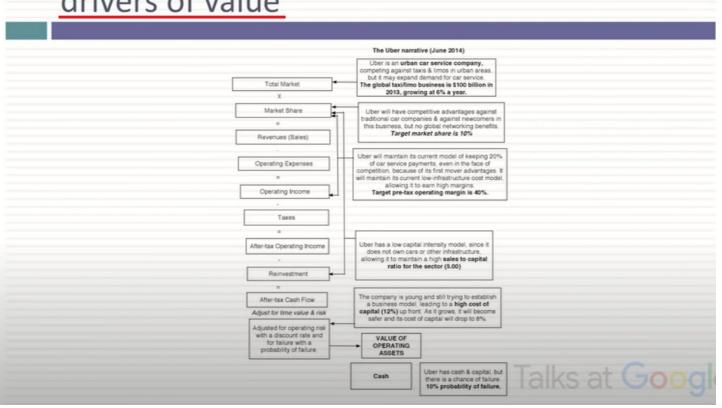
https://t.co/xvX1LGOFaR

The Impossible, The Implausible and the Improbable



https://t.co/b7dG6ToEZG

Step 4: Connect your narrative to key drivers of value

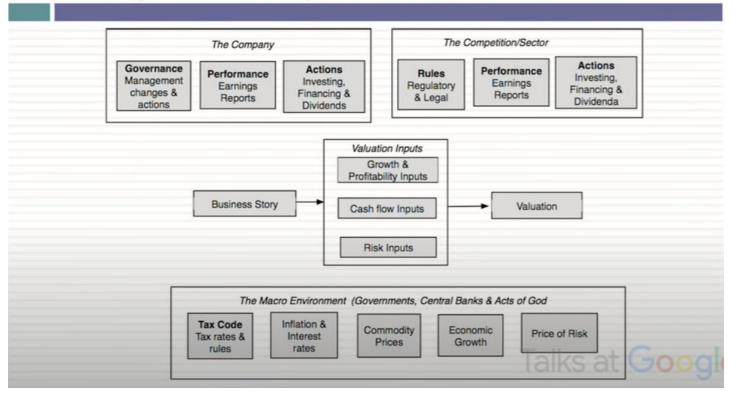


Step 5: Keep the feedback loop open

- When you tell a story about a company (either explicitly or implicitly), it is natural to feel attached to that story and to defend it against all attacks. Nothing can destroy an investor more than hubris.
- Being open to other views about a company is not easy,
 but here are some suggestions that may help:
 - Face up to the uncertainty in your own estimates of value.
 - Present the valuation to people who don't think like you do.
 - Create a process where people who disagree with you the most have a say.
 - Provide a structure where the criticisms can be specific and pointed, rather than general.

https://t.co/uuRei205CF

Why narratives change: Because the world changes around you...



https://t.co/MR7DjkQuKP

How narratives change

Narrative Break/End	Narrative Shift	Narrative Change (Expansion or Contraction
Events, external (legal, political or economic) or internal (management, competitive, default), that can cause the narrative to break or end.	Improvement or deterioration in initial business model, changing market size, market share and/or profitability.	Unexpected entry/success in a new market or unexpected exit/failure in an existing market.
Your valuation estimates (cash flows, risk, growth & value) are no longer operative	Your valuation estimates will have to be modified to reflect the new data about the company.	Valuation estimates have to be redone with new overall market potential and characteristics.
Estimate a probability that it will occur & consequences	Monte Carlo simulations or scenario analysis	Real Options Talks at Go