

Twitter Thread by [Koshiek Karan](#)

[Koshiek Karan](#)

[@iamkoshiek](#)



Bonds explained in 90 seconds! [Thread]

Wait, what's a bond?

Very simply, it's a loan.

Instead of borrowing money from a bank, a company (or government) will borrow from investors. So investors will give the company money & in exchange they get paid interest (called coupons)

Fancy term for the IOU is "bond issuance"



I'm an investor, how do the mechanics work?

Company sells you a bond for \$100 and promises you 5% every year for 3 years. They also pay you \$100 at the end.

Yr 1: \$5

Yr 2: \$5

Yr 3: \$5 + \$100

That's \$115 (or a 15% return) after 3 years. Right?

The real return is closer to 10%



Why are my returns so much lower?

\$100 today is worth more than \$100 in 3 years from now - yes, inflation!

Even at a modest 1.5% inflation each year, the \$100 you give up today is worth less than \$96 in 3 years from now.

ILBs (inflation linked bonds) try & help solve this.



How come bonds are always quoted in yields (%) instead of actual prices like shares?

Bonds have different maturities* & coupons - quoting a percentage makes it easy to compare different bonds & compare against other assets.

*Maturity = time to get paid back (3yrs in example)



Bond yields are inversely related to bond prices

Here's how it works. You paid \$100 upfront for the bond. Remember that \$5 coupon? Your coupon rate is 5% - that's the interest rate the company pays you. It's fixed

But bond prices MOVE depending on demand & supply in the market.



Suddenly there's a huge demand for these company bonds and the price shoots up to \$120... but investors are still only getting a \$5 coupon!

You paid \$100 & got \$5 => 5% yield

If you buy at \$120, you still get \$5 => 4% yield

As the price went up, the yield went down



"I'm about to go & buy all the bonds with high yields"

No. Wait!

There's a reason for bonds being high yielding - there's a great chance the company who issued them could default on these "junk" bonds and you won't get paid! The market is pricing this in

High risk, high reward



How do I know if a company will default and not pay me?

Each bond comes with a sticker label called a credit rating. These are assigned by credit ratings agencies & usually have letter ratings. AAA is peak quality, C is poor

Agencies have mispriced risk in the past (think GFC)



When you switch on CNBC or Bloomberg tonight & hear them shouting about "yields continue to uptick as treasuries (bonds) sell-off" - you know exactly what they mean...

Shout-out for making it to the end!



Additional thread: the oil price explained in 90 seconds

<https://t.co/fmVvK6J7a6>

The oil price in 90 seconds! [THREAD]

1. Most popular grades of oil quality are West Texas Intermediary (WTI) & Brent North Sea Crude (Brent)
2. Brent is a blend from of 15 oil fields in the North Sea. It's 2/3rds of world production. Benchmark for Africa, Europe + Middle East

— Koshiek Karan (@iamkoshiek) [April 20, 2020](#)

Additional thread: dark side of credit ratings agencies

<https://t.co/Xue2Z2YsAf>

Dark side of credit ratings agencies [Thread]:

1. How do agencies make money?

Simple - companies and government pay them in exchange for a credit rating.

If you're paying for an 'independent' report, is it really independent?

Here's how much SA paid back in 2017: [#Moody's pic.twitter.com/M8YZq72nBH](#)

— Koshiek Karan (@iamkoshiek) [March 30, 2019](#)

What it's like to issue a bond as an investment banker deserves it's own thread, here's some insights:

- LOTS of paperwork + hours of lawyer calls
- Marketing to investors is a huge part of the process
- Timing makes a massive difference
- Use of proceeds is super important

I need a challenge! Cool, if you know at least 10 of these terms, you're a heavy hitter in the bond game

Yield curve inversion

Dirty price

Zero coupon

Duration

Convexity

Companion tranche

WAM

Jump Z tranche

Forward cap

CPR

Index Ratio

Inverse Floater

For more 90 second explainers and a ton of memes, feel free to join our Telegram channel: <https://t.co/v3uNq6lvBk> or check out [@Banker_X](#)