


## Twitter Thread by



  
[@The\\_Pinakee](#)



**In the North Jhalkari Bai**

**In the south Maa kuyili**

**Before 1857 a war was fought against The combined forces of britishers and the Nawab of Arcot.**

**If we have the swami bhakta like Bhamashah,jhalkari bai,Gora Badal and Mana Jhala in North so we have also ledends in south.**

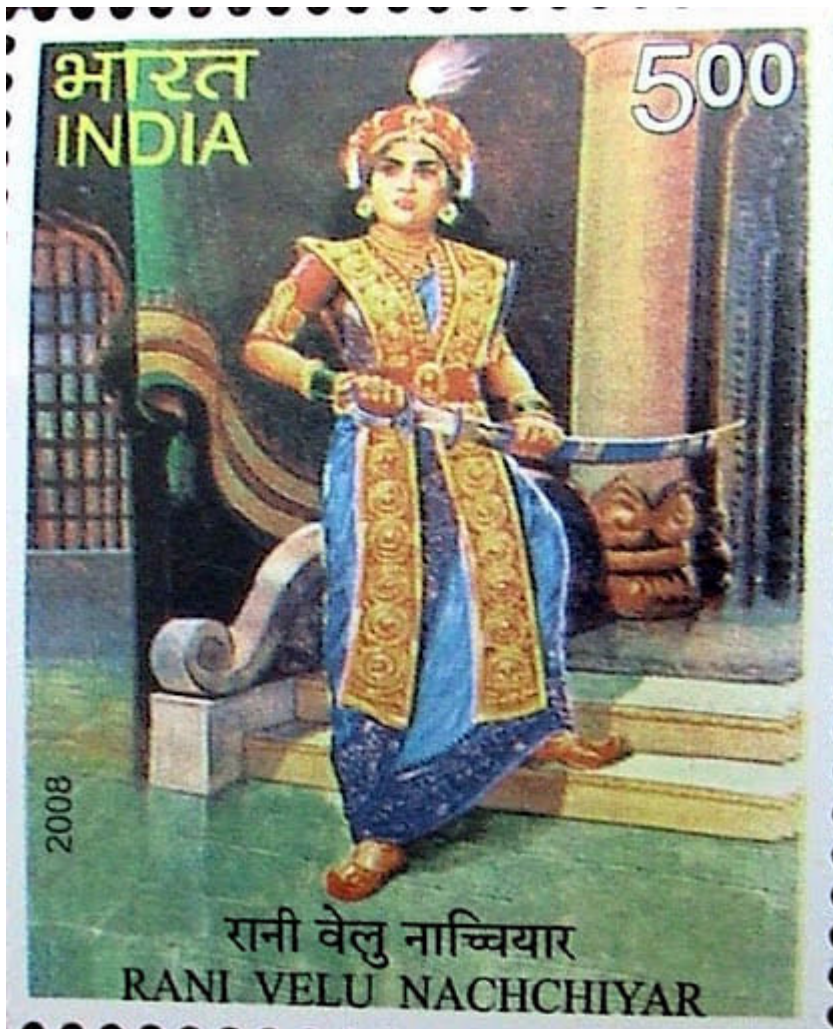


Forget Batman,superman,spiderman like imaginary stories.

Learn your history books and remember the trio of Maa kuyili,Udaiyal and the queen Velu Nachiyar,  
These 3 showed what is called patriotism and how a lady can defeat the army of britishers and Nawabs.

Queen Velu Nachiyar the first female freedom fighter against British Empire, Udaiyal who sacrificed her life to protect her queen and Kuyili who burnt herself to detonate the British weaponry should have been the Symbol of Gallantry and Sacrifice of Indian freedom Movement.

It was Kalaiyar Koil war in 1772, when her Husband King Muthuvaduganatha Udaiya Thevar martyred against the British and Nawab of Arcot. A personal tragedy, loss of Kingdom, tactical escape from the Sivaganagi and her depleted column of army, yet she remained unnerved.



Velu Nachiyar and Vellachi Escaped British, Kalaiyar Koil war in 1772 against British saw the loss and martyrdom of King Muthuvaduganatha Udaiya Thevar. She was informed about this tragedy while she was camping at Kollangudi.

She had no choice but to escape and to prepare for a long battle ahead. British added by Nawab of Arcot were chasing, encircling making all effort to eliminate her. A possible encounter was inevitable.

but for the heroic sacrifice of a Lady Udaiyal. Who denied delayed the British Military movement by refusing to divulge the details of Queen Velu Nachiyar escape. The brave lady Udaiyal was cut into two pieces.

Till date the Brave Lady Udaiyal is remembered as a village god in Kollangudi as "Vettu Udaiyal Kaali" (means kaali who bore received and accepted cuts from sword in saving Rani thereby stood by the side of Dharmam).

Velu Nachiyar along with her six year old daughter Vellachi finale successfully managed her escaped and took refuge in Virupatchi near Dindigul under the protection of Palayakaarar Kopaala Naayakkar, She was indebted to the sacrifice of Brave lady Udaiyal.

Queen Velu Nachiyar decided to raise an army of female warriors and named her after Udaiyal in respect of her Supreme sacrifice.

In the next seven year of hiding and constant movement, she prepared a strong valiant military.

<https://t.co/Sa79dN7l0v>

She had pledged support from Dalavay Thandavaraya Pillai and Maruthu Pandiar brother the loyal and able chief. While Dalavay Thandavaraya Pillai was a military and administrative strategist the Maruthu Pandiar brothers were sturdy warriors in their prime.

They are freedom fighters Periya Marudhu and Chinna Marudhu, both brothers, also known as Marudhu Pandiyars and Marudhu brothers. They won battles against the Nawab of Arcot and the British. They were hanged by the British on 24th October 1801. [pic.twitter.com/qO5YNcRqWy](https://pic.twitter.com/qO5YNcRqWy)

— \u0905\u091a\u093f\u0928\u094d\u0924\u094d\u092f (@The\_Pinakee) March 30, 2022

About both brothers everything in above link ■

Queen Velu was blessed to have an adopted daughter cum personal accompanying female warrior Kuyili. She should have been remembered for having made the willful supreme sacrifice of her life alongside the other two warriors

Queen Velu was successful in raising and motivating a completely armed and equipped female contingent of frontline warriors in those days. And of course to commemorate the sacrifice of Lady Udayal, She named the female battalion as udayal padai.

1780, Time had come for final assault and set free the kingdom of Sivagangai from British and Nawab of Arcot. Her information about the logistics of British weaponry and soldiers was accurate. She decided to do something unbelievable.

On discovering the appropriate location of British store of weapons and ammunition, she planned a suicide attack. The legendary lady Kuyili, her loyal follower doused herself in oil and set herself ablaze before ramming into the store.



Huge explosion with a ring of fire followed total demolition of British weaponry and underneath was the silence of supreme sacrifice of Warrior Kuyili.

British army was virtually made disarmed through this one valiant efforts Queen velu added by the warrior brother Maruthu Pandiar made frontal assault. British and Nawab of Arcot had no choice but to retreat. But Queen Venu ensured to destroy the remotest of resistance in her ways

The Kingdom of Sivagangai was now retrieved. Mere sight of Sivagangai had engulfed her in deep trauma and unforgettable pain. The wound of losing her husband King Muthuvaduganatha Udaiya Thevar

the precarious Narrow escape along with her six year old daughter Vellachi and supreme sacrifice of loyalist follower Udayals and Kuyili had not erased as yet.

Its unfornute for us that we were never told about these warriors.

In short the queen Velu Nachiyar,Maa kuyili and Udaiyal teaches us that when women incarnates in the shakti swaroop she can defeat anyone.

Nothing in this world can defeat the women.

Thanks to [@authormanoshi](#) for her book Saffron Swrod which is telling the real history to us.

We are indebted to you.

