Twitter Thread by ~❁ ■■■■■■■■■■■ ❁~



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@Elf_of_Shiva_



#Thread

|| KAMAL MOULANA MASJID IN DHAR |

Firstly, Dhar is a Sanskrit Word. This city was the capital of a prosperous empire in ancient times. Hence it had many temples and Rajpras■da. Most of them now stand as mosques.

There ■■■■■■■■■■■ will make everyone believe that they originated in the form of temples. More than this, the written proof of this, is also available. Sanskrit Language is engraved on stones covered in dust and buried in walls.

An obvious example is that of the monument which is known as Kamal Maula Mosque. A few years ago, when some portion of that building was uprooted and fell down,

then there were stone panels on it, which were filled with pages of Sanskrit plays. It has now been established that the monument named 'Saraswati Kantabharan' was in the form of a unique library of Sanskrit literature.

This library was unique in the sense that the literature that was stored in it was engraved on stone sheets, not on mortal papers. This example should be sufficient to inspire students of history,

archeology and architecture to examine in detail the microcosm of all the medieval monuments that are today declared as tombs or mosques. It is certain that from discovery it will be known that these were ancient Rajput temples and Rajprasad.