

Twitter Thread by Eric Holthaus



Eric Holthaus

[@EricHolthaus](#)



The world's top climate scientists are about to announce that—without radical coordinated action—the world has locked in warming of at least 1.5°C.

Heroic efforts are now necessary to save the world from catastrophic climate change.

Be a hero.

Watch live: <https://t.co/hKTSITMD7k>



IPCC: Limiting climate change to below 1.5°C would require "unprecedented transitions in all aspects of society."

(Less than 400 people worldwide are watching this livestream right now.)



Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC)
Started streaming 18 minutes ago

IPCC: The world has already warmed 1.0°C above pre-industrial levels.

On our current path, the world will reach 1.5°C warming in as little as 12 years.

ps

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WHO UNEP

Where are we now?

Since pre-industrial times, human activities have caused approximately 1.0°C of global warming.

- Already seeing consequences for people, nature and livelihoods
- At current rate, would reach 1.5°C between 2030 and 2052
- Past emissions alone do not commit the world to 1.5°C

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1–5 October 2018 | Incheon, Republic of Korea

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IPCC: Limiting warming to less than 1.5°C would save 10 million people from sea level rise displacement vs. warming of 2°C and *several hundred million* people from climate-related extreme poverty.

several hundred million people.



Impacts of global warming 1.5°C

At 1.5°C compared to 2°C:

- Less extreme weather where people live, including extreme heat and rainfall
- By 2100, global mean sea level rise will be around 10 cm lower but may continue to rise for centuries
- 10 million fewer people exposed to risk of rising seas

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IPCC: The world would need to reduce emissions by about half from current levels by 2030 to be on track for limiting warming to 1.5°C

The current pledges in *every country in the world* are not enough.



Greenhouse gas emissions pathways

- Limiting warming to 1.5°C would require changes on an unprecedented scale

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IPCC (paraphrased): Creating a better world is necessary to limit warming to 1.5°C

This is the world we need. This is also the world we want.



The image shows a composite of two elements. On the left is a video frame of a woman with short grey hair, wearing a light-colored patterned top and a yellow scarf, speaking at a microphone. The background behind her has the text 'Working Groups' and 'orea'. On the right is a presentation slide titled 'Climate change and people'. The slide features a background image of a coastal village with colorful houses and people playing sports on a beach. The slide lists four bullet points: 'Close links to United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)', 'Mix of measures to adapt to climate change and reduce emissions can have benefits for SDGs', 'National and sub-national authorities, civil society, the private sector, indigenous peoples and local communities can support ambitious action', and 'International cooperation is a critical part of limiting warming to 1.5°C'. The slide also includes the IPCC logo, the UN logo, and the text '12 INTERGOVERNMENTAL PANEL ON climate change'. At the bottom of the slide, it says '1-5 October 2018 | Incheon, Republic of Korea' and 'ipcc'.

Working Groups

orea

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climate change

WHO UNEF

Climate change and people

- Close links to United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)
- Mix of measures to adapt to climate change and reduce emissions can have benefits for SDGs
- National and sub-national authorities, civil society, the private sector, indigenous peoples and local communities can support ambitious action
- International cooperation is a critical part of limiting warming to 1.5°C

12 INTERGOVERNMENTAL PANEL ON climate change

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1-5 October 2018 | Incheon, Republic of Korea

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First question, from BBC: What's different about this report?

IPCC: "It's very clear that half a degree matters."

2nd Q, German press agency: Is 1.5C feasible? How optimistic are you on a scale from 1-10?

IPCC: We identified 6 different conditions we'd need to meet to hit 1.5C. Is it possible within the laws of physics? Yes. But the political feasibility? Frankly, that's up to politicians.

3rd Q, Associated Press: What is the impact of the US withdraw from Paris?

IPCC: We don't look at individual countries. We have sent a clear signal to the collectivity of countries. Feasibility isn't something for the scientists to decide, that's up to the countries of the world.

IPCC: We can tell countries what would need to happen to limit global warming to safe levels. But the question of what will happen... that's up to the 195 sovereign countries of the world.

IPCC: "We are at the crossroads. What is going to happen between now and 2030 is critical."

"If we don't act now" it will be essentially impossible to limit warming to 1.5°C.

"The only linking word you can use is 'and' in order to achieve the level of ambition necessary."

IPCC: "It's a tremendous collective endeavor."

"We did feel the weight of working on this report. ... We exist in this shrinking space of possibilities."

"This report comes with wishful thinking that the message is being taken up by public and policy makers."



Eric Holthaus, Grist

8:34 PM

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What did it feel like, personally, as humans, to assemble this report? It feels like a very critical moment in history. Did you feel the weight of that history during your work?

IPCC: "It's very clear just how important this report is."

Q: What message do you have for small island nations, who have staked their very existence on limiting warming to less than 1.5°C?

IPCC: "It is within the scope of what humans can achieve."

Q: How soon do coal, oil, and natural gas need to be phased out entirely?

IPCC: "The report is quite clear ... all pathways require quite significant changes in the pattern of fossil fuel use. ... Coal will have to be reduced very, very substantially by mid-century."

IPCC (paraphrased): Carbon pricing might be most useful in motivating the now-necessarily massively vast carbon removal that needs to happen by mid-century.

IPCC: This report could become an anchor for sustainable development globally.

Really important question from [@blkahn](#): "What about geoengineering?"

IPCC: We didn't consider the possible impact of geoengineering in this report. "We have to follow the literature," and there is essentially no reliable information to know what would happen.

Q: "What about aviation and shipping?"

IPCC: Aviation and shipping aren't part of the UNFCCC. But, it's very difficult to keep planes in the air without petroleum or biofuels. This report shows drastic reductions in petroleum use by mid-century.

IPCC: Remember, hundreds of millions of people will benefit from meeting the 1.5°C goal. The cost of radically reshaping human society to achieve this goal is less than the cost of not meeting it.

IPCC press conference is over.

It's me again.

Folks, if the world takes this announcement seriously, it would become quite simply one of the most important moments in human history. If the world doesn't take it seriously -- our civilization itself is at stake. Stark, but true.